



# P + LYACENE CAPACITORS

Coin type





# What is PAS ...?

PAS (Polyacenic Semiconductor), which has been originally developed by Shoei Electronics is a kind of conductive polymers synthesized through pyrolytic treatment of phenolic resin. PAS capacitors, in which PAS is employed for both positive and negative electrodes, show extremely high performance.

## **Features of PAS capacitor**

### High capacity / High reliability

PAS can store a large number of ions into its amorphous structure (doping), therefore PAS capacitor has much larger capacity than conventional electric double layer capacitor. In addition, PAS is extremely stable material and PAS capacitor shows excellent performance of cycle life and durability to overcharge and overdischarge.

# • Environmentally friendly

PAS capacitor does not contain any heavy metals such as Cd and Hg in its body. Additionally, PAS capacitor does not use Pb, which may cause environmental pollution, for terminal plating. PAS capacitor is an environmentally friendly power source.

## Reflow soldering

Shoei Electronics is the first company in the world that introduced a reflow soldering type capacitor. As a pioneer of reflowable capacitor, we have a variety in line-up including reflowable capacitors with lead-free condition.

## The world's smallest capacitor

"PAS409 series" is the world's smallest coin shaped capacitors, which size is diameter 4.8mm×height 0.9mm. This thinnest and smallest product was carried out by developing filmy electrode materials, sealing technology and introducing special processed heat resistance gasket.

SEM image of PAS

Molecular structure of PAS







PAS capacitors have been used all over the world for RTC (Real Time Clock) back-up power source in mobile devices such as cellular phone, digital camera and so on.

### Reflow soldering with lead-free condition type

SR type	Max. usable voltage (V)	Capacity (F)	Capacity *1 (µAh)	Cell diameter ( mm )	Cell height (mm)	Page
PAS409SR	0.5	0.03	10	4.8	0.9	2
PAS414SR	2.5	0.06	18	4.8	1.4	3

HR type	Max. usable voltage (V)	Capacity (F)	Capacity *2 (µAh)	Cell diameter ( mm )	Cell height (mm)	Page
PAS409HR	2.2	0.03	10	4.8	0.9	٨
PAS414HR	3.3	0.06	18	4.8	1.4	4

### **Reflow soldering type**

R type	Max. usable voltage (V)	Capacity (F)	Capacity *1 (µAh)	Cell diameter ( mm )	Cell height ( mm )	Page
PAS414R	0.5	0.06	18	4.8	1.4	_
PAS614R	2.5	0.2	50	6.8	1.4	5

NR type	Max. usable voltage (V)	Capacity (F)	Capacity *2 (µAh)	Cell diameter ( mm )	Cell height (mm)	Page
PAS414NR	3.3	0.06	18	4.8	1.4	6

#### Manual soldering type

L type	Max. usable voltage (V)	Capacity (F)	Capacity *2 (µAh)	Cell diameter ( mm )	Cell height (mm)	Page
PAS614L	3.3	0.25	90	6.8	1.4	9

\*1) Capacity is measured from 2.5V to 1.5V
\*2) Capacity is measured from 3.3V to 2.0V (approximately doubled capacity can be obtained from 3.3V to 1.0V)

• Memory and RTC back-up power source used for cellular phone, PDA, digital camera, portable radio and so on.

Coin type PAS capacitors **SR type** Reflow soldering with lead-free condition type

# **Features**

- Reflowable with lead-free condition (Refer to Page 6 for recommendable reflow pattern).
- Voltage can be set free below 2.5V.
- PAS409SR is world's smallest size.

# Specification

Part Number	PAS409SR	PAS414SR		
Max. operating voltage ( V )	2.5			
Capacity ( F )	0.03 0.06			
Capacity ( µAh )	10	18		
Internal resistance ( $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ )	50 50			
Operating temperature range ( $^\circ C$ )	-25 ~ +70			
Temperature characteristics	Highest temperature (70 ℃ ) Capacity : Satisfy initial spec. Lowest temperature (-25 ℃ ) Capacity : Over 70% of initial spec.			
High temperature load characteristics	Maintain over 70% of initial spec. capacity after keeping with 2.5V of applied voltage at 70 $^\circ$ C for 500 hours.			
Cycle characteristics	Maintain over 50% of initial spec. capacity after 10,000 cycles (Charging: 2.5V for 9 min with constant resistance / Discharging: For 1 min with constant resistance).			
Dimension ( diameter  vcell height mm )	4.8×0.9 4.8×1.4			
Weight (g)	0.05 0.07			
* Capacity is measured from 2.5V to 1.5V				

\* Capacity is measured from 2.5V to 1.5V

# Characteristics (Typical of PAS414SR)



Coin type PAS capacitors **HR type** Reflow soldering with lead-free condition type

# **Features**

- Reflowable with lead-free condition (Refer to Page 6 for recommendable reflow pattern).
- Voltage can be set free below 3.3V.
- PAS409HR is world's smallest size.

# Specification

Part Number	PAS409HR	PAS414HR		
Max. operating voltage ( V )	3.	3		
Capacity ( F )	0.03	0.06		
Capacity ( µAh )	10	18		
Internal resistance ( $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ )	100	80		
Operating temperature range ( $^\circ\!$	-20 ~ +60			
Temperature characteristics	Highest temperature (60 °C ) Capacity : Over 90% of initial spec. Lowest temperature (-20 °C ) Capacity : Over 50% of initial spec.			
High temperature load characteristics	Maintain over 70% of initial spec. capacity after keeping with 3.3V of applied voltage at 60 °C for 500 hours.			
Cycle characteristics	Maintain over 50% of initial spec. capacity after 10,000 cycles (Charging: 3.3V for 24 min with constant resistance / Discharging: For 6 min with constant resistance).			
Dimension ( diameter  vcell height mm )	4.8×0.9 4.8×1.4			
Weight(g)	0.05 0.07			

\* Capacity is measured from 3.3V to 2.0V (approximately doubled capacity can be obtained from 3.3V to 1.0V)

# Characteristics (Typical of PAS414HR)



# Coin type PAS capacitors **R type** Reflow soldering type

# **Features**

- Reflowable (Refer to Page 6 for recommendable reflow pattern).
- Voltage can be set free below 2.5V.
- Durability: more than 100,000 cycles.

# Specification

Part Number	PAS414R	PAS614R			
Max. operating voltage ( V )	2.5				
Capacity ( F )	0.06 0.2				
Capacity ( µAh )	18	50			
Internal resistance ( $\Omega$ )	50 30				
Operating temperature range ( $^{\circ}$ C )	-2 <del>5+</del> 70				
Temperature characteristics	Highest temperature (70 ℃ ) Capacity : Satisfy initial spec. Lowest temperature (-25 ℃ ) Capacity: Over 70% of initial spec.				
High temperature load characteristics	Maintain over 70% of initial spec. capacity after keeping with 2.5V of applied voltage at 70 $^{\circ}$ C for 500 hours.				
Cycle characteristics	Maintain over 50% of initial spec. capacity after 10,000 cycles (Charging: 2.5V for 9 min with constant resistance / Discharging: For 1 min with constant resistance).				
Dimension ( diameter  vcell height mm )	4.8×1.4 6.8×1.4				
Weight(g)	0.07 0.16				
* Capacity is measured from 2.5V to 1.5V					

\* Capacity is measured from 2.5V to 1.5V

# Characteristics (Typical of PAS414R)



# Coin type PAS capacitors **NR type** Reflow soldering type

## **Features**

- Reflowable (Refer to the profile below for recommendable reflow pattern).
- Voltage can be set free below 3.3V.
- Durability: more than 10,000 cycles.

# Specification

Part Number	PAS414NR				
Max. operating voltage ( V )	3.3	Temperature characteristics	Highest temperature (60 ℃) Capacity : Over 90% of initial spec. Lowest temperature (-20 ℃) Capacity: Over 50% of initial spec.		
apacitance ( F )	0.06	High temperature load characteristics	Maintain over 70% of initial spec. capacity after keeping with 3.3V of applied voltage at 60 $^\circ$ for 500 hours.		
Capacity(µAh)	18	Cycle characteristics	Maintain over 50% of initial spec. capacity after 10,000 cycles (Charging: 3.3V for 24 min with constant resistance / Discharging: For 6 min with constant resistance).		
Internal resistance ( $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ )	80	Dimension (diameterφ×cell height mm)	4.8×1.4		
Operating temperature range ( $^{\circ}\!C$ )	-20~+60	Weight(g)	0.07		

\* Capacity is measured from 3.3V to 2.0V (approximately doubled capacity can be obtained from 3.3V to 1.0V)

# Characteristics (PAS414NR)

Refer to Page 4. (Same characteristics as PAS414HR)



# Coin type PAS capacitors Recommendable reflow pattern

Reflow profile with standard condition (R/NR)

Cautions

• Do not charge prior to reflow.

- Set reflow condition within the range provided in 'Specifications', which will be published separately.
- Consult with us about the details.

### Reflow profile with lead free condition (SR/HR)







\*Consult with us about other terminals

Solder plating area Measure : mm





### 409-VE5R type



#### 414-VE5 type







## 414-VA5 type

409-VA5R type



414-VE5R type



### 414-VA5R type

409-VE5 type

5.2 MAX

e

0.9

2.6

<u>.</u>

2.0 \_\_\_ 2.5

1.55 MAX

1.0

3.2

\_<u>1.</u>1 \_ ⊕

φ 4.8 MAX



### 414-VD3 type





# **Circuit applications**

### Application 1: Cellular Phone



#### **Application 3: Cellular Phone**



#### Application 5: IC Memory card



#### Application 7: Pager



#### Application 2: Cellular Phone



#### Application 4: Memory card



#### **Application 6: Pager**



#### Application 8: Pager



# Coin type PAS capacitors **L type** Manual soldering type

# **Features**

- 3.3V type (Voltage can be set free below 3.3V).
- More than 10,000cycles discharging
- Excellent self-discharging characteristics.
- UL certification (File No. MH19429).

# **Specification**

Part Number	PAS614L				
Max. operating voltage ( V )	3.3	Temperature characteristics	Highest temperature (60 ℃) Capacity : Satisfy initial spec. Lowest temperature (-20 ℃) Capacity : Over 50% of initial spec.		
apacitance ( F )	0.25	High temperature load characteristics	Maintain over 70% of initial spec. capacity after keeping with 3.3V of applied voltage at 60 $^\circ$ for 500 hours.		
Capacity ( µAh )	90	Cycle characteristics	Maintain over 50% of initial spec. capacity after 10,000 cycles (Charging: 3.3V for 24 min with constant resistance / Discharging: For 6 min with constant resistance		
Internal resistance ( $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ )	160	Dimension (diameterφ×cell height mm)	6.8×1.4		
Operating temperature range ( $^{\circ}\!\!\!C$ )	-20~+60	Weight ( g )	0.16		

\* Capacity is measured from 3.3V to 2.0V (approximately doubled capacity can be obtained from 3.3V to 1.0V)

# Characteristics (PAS614L)







#### 614L-VL3 type



### 614L-VL5 type



### 614L-VL5R type





#### 1. Use under the maximum usable voltage.

If over maximum usable voltage is applied, it might cause abnormal current flow, which shorten lifetime and sometimes damage PAS capacitor.

#### 2. Use under surrounding temperature kept as normal as possible.

Lifetime of PAS capacitor is greatly affected by surrounding temperature. Each 10°C drop in temperature extends its expected lifetime approximately twice as much. Therefore, avoid high temperature and use PAS capacitor under lower temperature than the maximum operating temperature range.

#### **3.** Mind voltage drop when back-up.

When discharging (back-up) start, voltage drop occurs by an actuating current and internal resistance in the cell.

#### 4. Consult with us when using PAS capacitors in series connection.

In case of using PAS capacitors in series connection, the voltage of each capacitor is not always equal and it may be occurred excessive voltage in a part of capacitor, which may lead to shortening lifetime and breakdown.

#### 5. Pay sufficient attention to use PAS in circuit with high ripple current.

Since PAS capacitor has higher internal resistance than electric capacitor, ripple current may heat up capacitor body, which might cause the increase of internal resistance and deterioration of capacity.

#### 6. Do not expose PAS capacitor into high humidity, alkaline or acid air.

In case PAS capacitor is used in high humidity, alkaline or acid air, lead terminal and container may be damaged. Also, it may cause deteriorating of its performance.

#### 7. Do not touch with printed pattern.

If product touch with printed pattern, short-circuit occurs. Additionally, in case of there is a printed pattern under the product, it may occur short-circuit caused by a breakage of resist.

#### 8. Mind the polarity of PAS capacitor when soldering on board.

Identify the indication of polarity or terminal shapes when installing. If counter current is applied, it might deteriorate capacity and increase internal resistance. It may turn out to be a breakage of product.

#### 9. Caution on soldering

#### 8-1. Reflow soldering type

- Follow the scope of conditions regulated in specifications.
- Do not charge prior to reflowing.
- Consult with us for details about reflow condition.

#### 8-2. Manual soldering type

- For use of a soldering iron, it should not touch the cell body. Temperature of the soldering iron should be less than 350 ℃ and soldering time for terminal should be less than 3 seconds.
- Do not reflow soldering.

#### 10. Consult with us about cleaning condition when cleaning circuit-board after soldering.

Cleaning may affect PAS capacitor. Consult with us about cleaning conditions beforehand.

#### **11.** Avoid excessive vibration.

Excessive vibration may be a cause of breaking soldering part and damaging terminal.

#### 12. Storage

Keep following cautions for storage:

- Use Shoei Electronics's tray or reel. For moving on to another tray, do not bend terminals.
- Store under normal atmosphere. Sudden change of temperature or high humid condition deteriorates the performance.
- Avoid dust and direct sunlight.

#### **13.** Other cautions

- Do not heat or throw into fire.
- Do not short-circuit.
- Do not direct soldering to cell body.
- Do not dismantle.
- Do not deform.
- Mind the edge of terminals.





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